CLAIMS:

- 1. A method for making a fibrous nonwoven mat facer;
 - a) dispersing fibers having an average fiber diameter of
 13 +/- 2 microns in an aqueous dispersion,
 - b) draining said dispersion through a moving forming screen to form a wet fibrous web.
 - c) applying an aqueous resin binder to the wet web and removing excess binder to produce the desired binder content in the wet web, the aqueous binder comprising a mixture of water and a resin formed from a homopolymer or a copolymer of polyacrylic acid and a polyol; and
 - d) drying the wet web and at least partially curing the resin in the binder to form a resin bound fibrous non woven mat, wherein;
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the binder is substantially free of phenol, formaldehyde and urea.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 5. The method according to claim 2, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 6. The method according to claim 3, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 7. The method according to claim 3, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine and the aqueous dispersion comprises glass fibers having an average fiber diameter of about 13 +/- 1.5 micron.
- 8. The method according to claim 7 wherein the average fiber diameter is 13 +/- 1 micron.
- 9. The method according to claim 8 wherein the majority of the glass fibers are about 0.75 inch long.

- 10. The method according to claim 9 wherein the binder content in the finished dry mat is within the range of about 5 to about 30 wt. percent.
- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the binder content is within the range of about 10 to about 25 wt. percent.
- 12. The method according to claim 10 wherein the binder content is within the range of about 10 to about 20 wt. percent.
- 13. The method according to claim 1, wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, anti-fungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 14. The method according to claim 1 wherein the glass fibers have an average fiber diameter of about 13 +/- 1.5 microns.
- 15. The method according to claim 14 wherein the majority of the fibers have a length of about 0.7 inch and an average diameter of about 13 +/- 1 micron.
- 16. A method for making a fibrous nonwoven facer mat comprising;
- a) dispersing glass fibers having an average fiber diameter of about 13 +/- 1.5 microns in an aqueous mixture to form a fiber dispersion,
 - b) draining said mixture through a moving forming screen to form a wet fibrous web,
 - c) applying an aqueous resin binder to the wet web and removing excess binder to produce the desired binder content in the wet web, wherein the aqueous resin binder comprises a mixture of water and a resin formed from a homopolymer or a copolymer of polyacrylic acid and a polyol and being present in the finished dry mat in amounts between about 10 and about 25 wt. percent based on the weight of the dry mat, and
 - d) drying the wet web and at least partially curing the resin in the binder to form a resin bound fibrous nonwoven mat.

- 17. The method according to claim 16 wherein the average fiber diameter of the fibers is about 13 +/- 1 micron.
- 18. The method according to claim 17 wherein the length of the majority of the fibers are between about 0.5 inch and about 1.2 inches.
- 19. The method according to claim 18 wherein the binder content of the dry mat is in the range of about 10 to about 20 percent.
- 20. The method according to claim 19 wherein the majority of the glass fibers are about 0.7 inch long.
- 21. The method according to claim 20 wherein the binder content of the dry mat is about 15 +/- 3 wt. percent.
- 22. The method according to claim 16, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 23. The method according to claim 17, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 24. The method according to claim 18, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 25. The method according to claim 19, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 26. The method according to claim 20, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 27. The method according to claim 21, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.
- 28. The method according to claim 16, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 29. The method according to claim 17, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- The method according to claim 18, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.

- 31. The method according to claim 19, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 32. The method according to claim 20, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 33. The method according to claim 21, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 34. The method according to claim 22, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 35. The method of claim 16 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 36. The method of claim 17 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 37. The method of claim 19 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 38. The method of claim 20 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 39. The method of claim 21 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 40. The method of claim 27 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.

- 41. The method of claim 28 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 42. The method of claim 33 wherein the binder further comprises a one or more additives selected from the group consisting of pigments, fillers, fire retardants, biocides, antifungal agents and catalysts, such as a phosphorus-containing catalyst, and mixtures thereof.
- 42. The method of claim 1 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 43. The method of claim 1 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 44. The method of claim 8 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 45. The method of claim 8 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 46. The method of claim 13 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 47. The method of claim 13 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 48. The method of claim 15 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 49. The method of claim 15 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 50. The method of claim 16 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 51. The method of claim 16 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.

- 52. The method of claim 17 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 53. The method of claim 17 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 54. The method of claim 21 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 55. The method of claim 21 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 56. The method of claim 27 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 57. The method of claim 27 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 58. The method of claim 33 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 59. The method of claim 33 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 60. The method of claim 35 wherein at least portions of a surface of the wet, bindered web is coated with an aqueous hydrophilic mixture prior to drying.
- 61. The method of claim 35 wherein at least portions of a surface of the dry mat is coated with a hydrophilic mixture followed by further drying.
- 62. A fibrous nonwoven mat comprising glass fibers having an average fiber diameter of about 13 +/- 2 microns, the majority of the fibers having a length in the range of about 0.4 to about 1.2 microns, the fibers in the web being bound together by about 5 to about 30 weight percent of a binder that is at least partially cured and comprises before drying and curing a homopolymer or a copolymer of polyacrylic acid and a polyol.
- 63. The mat according to claim 62, wherein the average molecular weight of the polyacrylic acid polymer is about 3,000 or less.

- 64. The mat according to claim 62, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 65. The mat according to claim 63, wherein the polyol is triethanolamine.
- 66. The mat of claim 62 wherein the average fiber diameter is about 13 +/- 1.5 microns.
- 67. The mat of claim 62 wherein the average fiber diameter is about 13 +/- 1 micron.
- 68. The mat of claim 63 wherein the average fiber diameter is about 13 +/- 1.5 microns.
- 69. The mat of claim 63 wherein the average fiber diameter is about 13 +/- 1 micron.
- 70. The mat of claim 65 wherein the average fiber diameter is about 13 +/- 1.5 microns.
- 71. The mat of claim 65 wherein the average fiber diameter is about 13 +/- 1 micron.
- 72. The mat of claim 62 wherein the binder content of the mat is in the range of about 10 to about 20 weight percent.
- 73. The mat of claim 63 wherein the binder content of the mat is in the range of about 10 to about 20 weight percent.
- 74. The mat of claim 65 wherein the binder content of the mat is in the range of about 10 to about 20 weight percent.
- 75. The mat of claim 68 wherein the binder content of the mat is in the range of about 10 to about 20 weight percent.
- 76. The mat of claim 69 wherein the binder content of the mat is in the range of about 10 to about 20 weight percent.
- 77. The mat of claim 62 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 78. The mat of claim 63 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.

- 79. The mat of claim 65 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 80. The mat of claim 68 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 81. The mat of claim 69 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 82. The mat of claim 74 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 83. The mat of claim 75 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 84. The mat of claim 76 further including one or more of the group consisting of a pigment, a colorant, a filler, a fire- retardant, a biocide, an anti-fungal material and mixtures thereof.
- 85. The mat of claim 62 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 86. The mat of claim 63 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 87. The mat of claim 65 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 88. The mat of claim 68 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 89. The mat of claim 69 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.

- 90. The mat of claim 74 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 91. The mat of claim 75 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 92. The mat of claim 76 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 93. The mat of claim 82 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 94. The mat of claim 83 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.
- 95. The mat of claim 84 wherein at least a portion of a surface of the mat contains a hydrophilic material thereon.